Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

# **TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE**

Revision Date:2025-05-03 Revision Number:1

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

# **Product identifier**

Product name	: TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE			
CBnumber	: CB7451926			
CAS	: 156-60-5			
EINECS Number	: 205-860-2			
Synonyms	: TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE,1,2-Dichloroethylene			
Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against				
Relevant identified uses	: For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.			
Uses advised against	: none			
Company Identification				
Company	: Chemicalbook			
Address	: Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing			
Telephone	: 010-86108875			

# SECTION 2: Hazards identification

# GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)

Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to.....

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and Keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264 Wash skin thouroughly after handling.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.
Hazard statements
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H332 Harmful if inhaled
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H370 Causes damage to organs
H371 May cause damage to organs
H402 Harmful to aquatic life
H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H315 Causes skin irritation
H302 Harmful if swallowed
H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

# SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance

Product name	: TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE
Synonyms	: TRANS-1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE,1,2-Dichloroethylene
CAS	: 156-60-5
EC number	: 205-860-2
MF	: C2H2Cl2
MW	: 96.94

# SECTION 4: First aid measures

# Description of first aid measures

#### General advice

Consult a physician. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

#### If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

### In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a physician.

### In case of eye contact

Flush eyes with water as a precaution.

### If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

# Notes to physician

No data available

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry powder Dry sand

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do NOT use water jet.

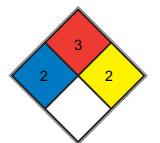
#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Hydrogen chloride gas

#### Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

# **NFPA 704**



HEALTH	2	Intense or continued but not chronic exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury (e.g. <u>diethyl</u> <u>ether</u> , ammonium phosphate, iodine)
FIRE	3	Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions . Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, <u>acetone</u> )
REACT	2	Undergoes violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures, reacts violently with water, or may form explosive mixtures with water (e.g. white phosphorus, <u>potassium</u> , <u>sodium</u> )
SPEC. HAZ.		

# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Beware of vapors accumulating to form explosive concentrations. Vapors can accumulate in low areas. For personal protection see section 8.

### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

### Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Advice on safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

#### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

#### Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday. For precautions see section 2.2.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Light sensitive. Air and moisture sensitive. Refrigerate before opening.

# SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

# control parameter

#### Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

#### **Exposure controls**

#### Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Eye/face protection

Face shield and safety glasses Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU).

#### Skin protection

Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Use proper glove removal technique (without touching glove's outer surface) to avoid skin contact with this product. Dispose of contaminated gloves after use in accordance with applicable laws and good laboratory practices. Wash and dry hands.

The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of Regulation (EU) 2016/425 and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Body Protection**

Complete suit protecting against chemicals, Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing., The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Where risk assessment shows air-purifying respirators are appropriate use a full- face respirator with multi-purpose combination (US) or type AXBEK (EN 14387) respirator cartridges as a backup to engineering controls. If the respirator is the sole means of protection, use a full-face supplied air respirator. Use respirators and components tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or CEN (EU).

#### Control of environmental exposure

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

#### **Exposure limits**

OSHA PEL: TWA 200 ppm (790 mg/m<sup>3</sup>); ACGIH TLV: TWA 200 ppm (adopted).

# SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	light yellow liquid, clear
Odour	No data available
Odour Threshold	No data available
рН	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -50 °C - lit.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	48 °C - lit.
Flash point	6.0 °C - closed cup
Evaporation rate	No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	Upper explosion limit: 12.8 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 9.7 %(V)
limits	

Vapour pressure	5.32 psi ( 20 °C)
Vapour density	No data available
Relative density	No data available
Water solubility	Miscible with acetone, ethanol, and ether and very soluble in benzene and chloroform (U.S. EPA,
	1985)
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available
Autoignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: No data available Viscosity, dynamic: No data available
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	10.12 at 30 °C (headspace-GC, Sanz et al., 1997)

# Other safety information

No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### **Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

### Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available

# Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames and sparks.

### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Bases

# Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

# SECTION 11: Toxicological information

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Oral

Skin corrosion/irritation

No data available

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

No data available

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

No data available

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

# Toxicity

LD50 in rats (ml/kg): 1.0 orally; 60 i.p.; in mice (ml/kg): 3.2 i.p. (Freundt)

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### Toxicity

No data available

# Persistence and degradability

No data available

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

No data available

# Mobility in soil

No data available

#### Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted

#### **Toxics Screening Level**

The Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) for trans-1,2-dichloroethylene is 200 µg/m3 with annual averaging time.

#### Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

# Waste treatment methods

# Product

Offer surplus and non-recyclable solutions to a licensed disposal company. Burn in a

chemical incinerator equipped with an afterburner and scrubber but exert extra care in igniting as this material is highly flammable.

#### Incompatibilities

Incompatible with oxidizers (chlorates, nitrates, peroxides, permanganates, perchlorates, chlorine, bromine, fluorine, etc.). Keep away from alkaline materials, strong bases, strong acids, oxoacids, and epoxides.Reacts with strong bases; potassium hydroxide; difluoromethylene, dihypofluoride, nitrogen tetroxide (explosive).

#### Waste Disposal

Incineration, preferably after mixing with another combustible fuel. Care must be exercised to assure complete combustion to prevent the formation of phosgene. An acid scrubber is necessary to remove the halo acids produced.

# Contaminated packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

# SECTION 14: Transport information

### **UN number**

ADR/RID: 1150 IMDG: 1150 IATA-DGR: 1150

### UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE IMDG: 1,2-DICHLOROETHYLENE

IATA-DGR: 1,2-Dichloroethylene

# Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 IMDG: 3 IATA-DGR: 3

#### **Packaging group**

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA-DGR: II

#### **Environmental hazards**

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA-DGR: no

#### Special precautions for user

Based on chemical properties, choose appropriate tools and conditions of transport. Transporting tools shall be equipped with appropriate and sufficient firefighting equipment and emergency leaking installations. If transporting by road, please go along the specified route.

#### Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents, Bases

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals**

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015:Not Listed. website: https://www.mem.gov.cn/

#### Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory:Listed. website: https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory:Listed. website: https://www.epa.gov/

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS):Listed. website: https://emb.gov.ph/

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC):Listed. website: https://www.epa.govt.nz/

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL):Listed. website: http://ncis.nier.go.kr

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS):Listed. website: https://echa.europa.eu/

EC Inventory:Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC):Listed. website: https://www.mee.gov.cn/

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service EC50: Effective Concentration 50% IATA: International Air Transportation Association IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50: Lethal Concentration 50% LD50: Lethal Dose 50% RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail STEL: Short term exposure limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

#### References

- [1] CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple
- [2] ChemlDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp
- [3] ECHA European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/
- [4] eChemPortal The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

- [5] ERG Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg
- [6] Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp
- [7] HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- [8] IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/
- [9] IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- [10] Sigma-Aldrich, website: https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/

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