

Chemical Safety Data Sheet MSDS / SDS

Methanol

Revision Date:2025-04-12 Revision Number:1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Product identifier

Product name : Methanol
CBnumber : CB7854099
CAS : 67-56-1
EINECS Number : 200-659-6
Synonyms : Methanol,JIACHUN

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses : For R&D use only. Not for medicinal, household or other use.
Uses advised against : none

Company Identification

Company : Chemicalbook
Address : Building 1, Huihuang International, Shangdi 10th Street, Haidian District, Beijing
Telephone : 010-86108875

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Symbol(GHS)



Signal word

Danger

Precautionary statements

P501 Dispose of contents/container to....

P405 Store locked up.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... for extinction.

P311 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P307+P311 IF exposed: call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off Immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse SKIN with water/shower.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

Hazard statements

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H370 Causes damage to organs
H360 May damage fertility or the unborn child
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H335 May cause respiratory irritation
H331 Toxic if inhaled
H319 Causes serious eye irritation
H311 Toxic in contact with skin
H301 Toxic if swallowed
H225 Highly Flammable liquid and vapour

Disposal

WARNING.Cancer - <https://oehha.ca.gov/proposition-65/chemicals/methanol>

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance

Product name	: Methanol
Synonyms	: Methanol,JIACHUN
CAS	: 67-56-1
EC number	: 200-659-6
MF	: CH4O
MW	: 32.04

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General advice

First aiders need to protect themselves. Show this material safety data sheet to the doctor

If inhaled

After inhalation: fresh air. Immediately call in physician. If breathing stops: immediately apply artificial respiration, if necessary also oxygen.

In case of skin contact

In case of skin contact: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. Call a physician immediately.

In case of eye contact

After eye contact: rinse out with plenty of water. Call in ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses.

If swallowed

After swallowing: fresh air. Make victim drink ethanol (e.g. 1 drinking glass of a 40% alcoholic beverage). Call a doctor immediately (mention methanol ingestion). Only in exceptional cases, if no medical care is available within one hour, induce vomiting (only in fully conscious persons) and make victim drink ethanol again (approx. 0.3 ml of a 40% alcoholic beverage/kg body weight/hour).

Notes to physician

Dizziness Drowsiness metabolic acidosis Blurred vision Seizures. Coma Blindness death

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water Foam Carbon dioxide (CO₂) Dry powder

Unsuitable extinguishing media

For this substance/mixture no limitations of extinguishing agents are given.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Carbon oxides Combustible.

Pay attention to flashback.

Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors.

Development of hazardous combustion gases or vapours possible in the event of fire. Forms explosive mixtures with air at ambient temperatures.

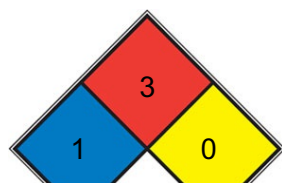
Advice for firefighters

Stay in danger area only with self-contained breathing apparatus. Prevent skin contact by keeping a safe distance or by wearing suitable protective clothing.

Further information

Remove container from danger zone and cool with water. Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water or the ground water system.

NFPA 704





☒ **HEALTH** 1 Exposure would cause irritation with only minor residual injury (e.g. [acetone](#), sodium bromate, potassium chloride)

Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can be ignited under almost all ambient temperature

☒ **FIRE** 3 conditions. Liquids having a flash point below 22.8 °C (73 °F) and having a boiling point at or above 37.8 °C (100 °F) or having a flash point between 22.8 and 37.8 °C (73 and 100 °F). (e.g. gasoline, [acetone](#))

☒ **REACT** 0 Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and is not reactive with water (e.g. helium, [N₂](#))

☐ **SPEC.**

☐ **HAZ.**

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel: Do not breathe vapors, aerosols. Avoid substance contact. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Evacuate the danger area, observe emergency procedures, consult an expert. For personal protection see section 8.

Environmental precautions

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Cover drains. Collect, bind, and pump off spills. Observe possible material restrictions (see sections 7 and 10). Take up carefully with liquid-absorbent material (e.g.

Chemisorb?). Dispose of properly. Clean up affected area.

Reference to other sections

For disposal see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Work under hood. Do not inhale substance/mixture. Avoid generation of vapours/aerosols.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Immediately change contaminated clothing. Apply preventive skin protection. Wash hands and face after working with substance.

For precautions see section 2.2.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep locked up or in an area accessible only to qualified or authorized persons.

Specific end use(s)

Apart from the uses mentioned in section 1.2 no other specific uses are stipulated

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

control parameter

Hazard composition and occupational exposure limits

Does not contain substances with occupational exposure limits.

Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection

Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166(EU). Safety glasses

Skin protection

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Full contact

Material: butyl-rubber

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 480 min Material tested: Butoject? (KCL 898)

This recommendation applies only to the product stated in the safety data sheet, supplied by us and for the designated use. When dissolving in or mixing with other substances and under conditions deviating from those stated in EN374 please contact the supplier of CE-approved gloves (e.g. KCL GmbH, D-36124 Eichenzell, Internet: www.kcl.de).

Splash contact Material: Viton?

Minimum layer thickness: 0,7 mm Break through time: 120 min

Material tested: Vitoject? (KCL 890 / Aldrich Z677698, Size M)

Body Protection

Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing.

Respiratory protection

required when vapours/aerosols are generated.

Our recommendations on filtering respiratory protection are based on the following standards: DIN EN 143, DIN 14387 and other accompanying standards relating to the used respiratory protection system.

Recommended Filter type: Filter type AX

The entrepreneur has to ensure that maintenance, cleaning and testing of respiratory protective devices are carried out according to the instructions of the producer.

These measures have to be properly documented.

Control of environmental exposure

Do not let product enter drains. Risk of explosion.

Exposure limits

TLV-TWA (200 ppm) (ACGIH), 260mg/m³, 1040mg/m³ (800 ppm) 15minutes (NIOSH); STEL 310mg/m³ (250 ppm); IDLH 25,000 ppm (NIOSH).

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physicochemical properties

Appearance	colorless liquid
Odour	characteristic
Odour Threshold	10 ppm
pH	No data available
Melting point/freezing point	Melting point/range: -98 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range	64,7 °C
Flash point	9,7 °C - closed cup - Regulation (EC) No. 440/2008, Annex, A.9
Evaporation rate	6,3 - Diethyl ether1,9 - n-butyl acetate
Flammability (solid, gas)	No data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	Upper explosion limit: 44 %(V) Lower explosion limit: 5,5 %(V)
Vapour pressure	169,27 hPa at 25 °C
Vapour density	1,11
Relative density	0,791 g/mL at 25 °C 0,79 - 0,8 at 20 °C
Water solubility	1.000 g/l at 20 °C - completely miscibleat 20 °C soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	log Pow: -0,77 - (Lit.), Bioaccumulation is not expected.
Autoignition temperature	455,0 °C at 1.013 hPa - DIN 51794
Decomposition temperature	Distillable in an undecomposed state at normal pressure.
Viscosity	Viscosity, kinematic: 0,54 - 0,59 mm ² /s at 20 °C Viscosity, dynamic: >0,544 -< 0,59 mPa.s at 25 °C
Explosive properties	No data available
Oxidizing properties	No data available
Henry's Law Constant	4.99 at 25 °C (headspace-GC, Gupta et al., 2000)
λmax	λ: 210 nm Amax: 0.50
	λ: 220 nm Amax: 0.30
	λ: 230 nm Amax: 0.15
	λ: 235 nm Amax: 0.10
	λ: 240 nm Amax: 0.05
	λ: 260 nm Amax: 0.01
	λ: 400 nm Amax: 0.01

Other safety information

Minimum ignition energy

0,14 mJ

Conductivity < 1 µS/cm

Relative vapor density

1,11

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

Reactivity

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable under standard ambient conditions (room temperature) .

Possibility of hazardous reactions

Risk of explosion with: Oxidizing agents perchloric acid perchlorates

salts of oxyhalogenic acids chromium(VI) oxide halogen oxides

nitrogen oxides nonmetallic oxides

chromosulfuric acid chlorates

hydrides zinc diethyl halogens

powdered magnesium hydrogen peroxide Nitric acid

sulfuric acid permanganic acid sodium hypochlorite

Exothermic reaction with:

acid halides Acid anhydrides Reducing agents acids

Bromine Chlorine Chloroform magnesium

tetrachloromethane

Risk of ignition or formation of inflammable gases or vapours with: Fluorine

Oxides of phosphorus Raney-nickel

Generates dangerous gases or fumes in contact with: Alkaline earth metals

Alkali metals

Conditions to avoid

Warming.

Incompatible materials

various plastics, magnesium, zinc alloys

Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of fire: see section 5

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 100,1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Acute toxicity estimate Oral - 100,1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Symptoms: Nausea, Vomiting

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 3,1 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Acute toxicity estimate Inhalation - 4 h - 3,1 mg/l (Expert judgment)

Symptoms: Irritation symptoms in the respiratory tract.

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 300,1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Acute toxicity estimate Dermal - 300,1 mg/kg (Expert judgment)

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

Result: No skin irritation Remarks: (ECHA)

Drying-out effect resulting in rough and chapped skin.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Eyes - Rabbit

Result: No eye irritation Remarks: (ECHA)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met. Test Type: Ames test

Test system: Salmonella typhimurium

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster lung cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Mouse

Cell type: Bone marrow

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Causes damage to organs. - Eyes, Central nervous system

Remarks: Classified according to Regulation (EU) 1272/2008, Annex VI (Table 3.1/3.2)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

Toxicity

LD50 oral (rat)

5628 mg/kg

LD50 skin (rabbit)
15,840 mg/kg
LC50 inhal (rat)
>145,000 ppm (1 h)
PEL (OSHA)
200 ppm (260 mg/m³)
TLV-TWA (ACGIH)
200 ppm (260 mg/m³)—skin
STEL (ACGIH)
250 ppm (328 mg/m³)

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish

flow-through test LC50 - *Lepomis macrochirus* (Bluegill) - 15.400,0 mg/l - 96 h
(US-EPA)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

semi-static test EC50 - *Daphnia magna* (Water flea) - 18.260 mg/l - 96 h
(OECD Test Guideline 202)

Toxicity to algae

static test ErC50 - *Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata* (green algae) - ca.
22.000,0 mg/l - 96 h (OECD Test Guideline 201)

Toxicity to bacteria

static test IC50 - activated sludge - > 1.000 mg/l - 3 h (OECD Test Guideline 209)

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability Result: 99 % - Readily biodegradable.
(OECD Test Guideline 301D)

Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD)

Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)

Theoretical oxygen demand

600 - 1.120 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)

1.420 mg/g Remarks: (IUCLID)

1.500 mg/g Remarks: (Lit.)

Ratio BOD/ThBOD 76 %

Remarks: Closed Bottle test(IUCLID)

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation *Cyprinus carpio* (Carp) - 72 d
at 20 °C - 5 mg/l(Methanol)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 1,0

Mobility in soil

Will not adsorb on soil.

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Toxics Screening Level

The Initial Threshold Screening Level (ITSL) is 20,000µg/m³ with 4-hour averaging time.

Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

Avoid release to the environment.

Stability in water at 19 °C 83 - 91 % - 72 h

Remarks: Hydrolyzes on contact with water. Hydrolyzes readily.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product

See www.retrologistik.com for processes regarding the return of chemicals and containers, or contact us there if you have further questions.

Incompatibilities

Methanol reacts violently with strong oxidizers, causing a fire and explosion hazard.

Waste Disposal

Consult with environmental regulatory agencies for guidance on acceptable disposal practices. Generators of waste containing this contaminant (≥100 kg/mo) must conform to EPA regulations governing storage, transportation, treatment, and waste disposal. Incineration

SECTION 14: Transport information

UN number

ADR/RID: 1230 IMDG: 1230

UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: METHANOL IMDG: METHANOL IATA: Methanol

Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID: 3 (6.1) IMDG: 3 (6.1) IATA: 3 (6.1)

Packaging group

ADR/RID: II IMDG: II IATA: II

Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG Marine pollutant: no IATA: no

Special precautions for user

No data available

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulations on the Safety Management of Hazardous Chemicals

China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015: Listed. website: <https://www.mem.gov.cn/>

Measures for Environmental Management of New Chemical Substances

Vietnam National Chemical Inventory: Listed. website: <https://chemicaldata.gov.vn/>

United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory: Listed. website: <https://www.epa.gov/>

Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS): Listed. website: <https://emb.gov.ph/>

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Listed. website: <https://www.epa.govt.nz/>

Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL): Listed. website: <http://ncis.nier.go.kr>

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS): Listed. website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

EC Inventory: Listed.

Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC): Listed. website: <https://www.mee.gov.cn/>

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service

EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

IATA: International Air Transportation Association

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

LD50: Lethal Dose 50%

RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

STEL: Short term exposure limit

TWA: Time Weighted Average

References

【1】 CAMEO Chemicals, website: <http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple>

【2】 ChemIDplus, website: <http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp>

【3】 ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: <https://echa.europa.eu/>

【4】 eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website:

http://www.echemportal.org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_locale=en

【5】 ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: <http://www.phmsa.dot.gov/hazmat/library/erg>

【6】 Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: <http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp>

- 【7】 HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: <https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm>
- 【8】 IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: <http://www.iarc.fr/>
- 【9】 IPCS - The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: <http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home>
- 【10】 Sigma-Aldrich, website: <https://www.sigmaaldrich.com/>

Other Information

Burns with nonluminous bluish flame. Depending on the degree of exposure, periodic medical examination is suggested. Specific treatment may be necessary in case of poisoning with this substance; the appropriate means with instructions should be available.

Disclaimer:

The information in this MSDS is only applicable to the specified product, unless otherwise specified, it is not applicable to the mixture of this product and other substances. This MSDS only provides information on the safety of the product for those who have received the appropriate professional training for the user of the product. Users of this MSDS must make independent judgments on the applicability of this SDS. The authors of this MSDS will not be held responsible for any harm caused by the use of this MSDS.